 **ABS(x)** – Returns the absolute value of a number.  
SELECT ABS(-10); → 10

 **CEIL(x) / CEILING(x)** – Rounds a number up to the nearest integer.  
SELECT CEIL(4.2); → 5

 **FLOOR(x)** – Rounds a number down to the nearest integer.  
SELECT FLOOR(4.9); → 4

 **ROUND(x, d)** – Rounds a number x to d decimal places.  
SELECT ROUND(3.14159, 2); → 3.14

 **POWER(x, y)** – Returns x raised to the power of y.  
SELECT POWER(2, 3); → 8

 **MOD(x, y)** – Returns the remainder of x divided by y.  
SELECT MOD(10, 3); → 1

 **SQRT(x)** – Returns the square root of a number.  
SELECT SQRT(16); → 4

 **EXP(x)** – Returns *e* raised to the power of x.  
SELECT EXP(1); → 2.718...

 **LN(x)** – Returns the natural logarithm (base *e*) of x.  
SELECT LN(10); → 2.302...

 **LOG10(x)** – Returns the base-10 logarithm of x.  
SELECT LOG10(1000); → 3

 **SIGN(x)** – Returns -1 if x < 0, 0 if x = 0, 1 if x > 0.  
SELECT SIGN(-5); → -1

 **TRUNCATE(x, d)** – Truncates a number to d decimal places (MySQL).  
SELECT TRUNCATE(3.14159, 2); → 3.14